

# Analytic moment and Laplace transform formulae for the quasi-stationary distribution of the Shiryaev diffusion on an interval

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This work is an investigation into quasi-stationarity of the classical Shiryaev diffusion restricted to an interval. Specifically, we study the solution  $(R_t^r)_{t \geq 0}$  of the stochastic differential equation

$$dR_t^r = dt + R_t^r dB_t \quad \text{with } R_0^r = r \geq 0 \text{ fixed,} \quad (1)$$

where  $(B_t)_{t \geq 0}$  is standard Brownian motion (i.e.,  $\mathbb{E}[dB_t] = 0$ ,  $\mathbb{E}[(dB_t)^2] = dt$ , and  $B_0 = 0$ ). The time-homogeneous Markov process  $(R_t^r)_{t \geq 0}$  is a particular version of the generalized Shiryaev process. The latter has been first arrived at and studied by Prof. A.N. Shiryaev in his fundamental work [2, 3] on quickest change-point detection. This work is, too, inspired by applications of  $(R_t^r)_{t \geq 0}$  in quickest change-point detection; see [1, 9, 8, 7]. The interest in  $(R_t^r)_{t \geq 0}$  given by (1) is due to the fact that it is the *only* version of the generalized Shiryaev process with probabilistically nontrivial behavior in the limit as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ , exhibited in spite of the distinct martingale property  $\mathbb{E}[R_t^r - r - t] = 0$  for all  $t \geq 0$  and  $r \geq 0$ . Moreover, the process is convergent regardless of whether the state space is (I) the entire half-line  $[0, +\infty)$  with no absorption on the interior; or (II) the interval  $[0, A]$  with absorption at a given level  $A > 0$ ; or (III) the shortened half-line  $[A, +\infty)$  also with absorption at  $A > 0$  given. The limiting distribution in case (I) is called the stationary distribution, while that in cases (II) and (III) is referred to as *quasi-stationary* distribution. Cases (I), (II), and (III) have all been considered in the literature. See, e.g., [5, 6, 4, 11, 10]. However, this work's focus is on case (II) due to its significance in quickest change-point detection.

The specific contribution of this work pertaining to case (II) is two-fold: (a) obtain exact closed-form moment formulae for the quasi-stationary distribution; and subsequently use the moment formulae to (b) derive an exact formula for the Laplace transform of the quasi-stationary distribution. The moment formulae are obtained as an extension of the effort made earlier in [7] where the moment sequence was shown to satisfy a certain recurrence. This work solves the recurrence explicitly. We also compute the Laplace transform based on the obtained moment formulae.

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